

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

Multiprocessor System Capable of Efficiently Debugging Processors

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to multiprocessor systems, and particularly to a multiprocessor system capable of efficiently debugging the processors.

Description of the Background Art

10 A first conventional multiprocessor system has the same number of sets of debugging terminals as the processors provided therein. Debugging devices are respectively connected to the corresponding sets of terminals so that the processors can be independently debugged by the corresponding debugging devices.

A second conventional multiprocessor system has a single set of debugging
15 terminals, and TAP controllers respectively connected to the processors are serially connected each other so that all processors can be debugged with a single debugging device.

The Patent Documents 1 and 2 below describe techniques about the debugging of processors.

20 Patent Document 1: Japanese Patent Application Laid-Open No. 2002-73363.

Patent Document 2: Japanese Patent Application Laid-Open No. 2002-24201.

According to the first conventional multiprocessor system, providing additional processors requires adding corresponding sets of debugging terminals and corresponding debugging devices, leading to an increase in cost.

25 According to the second conventional multiprocessor system, the debugging is

always applied serially to all processors through all TAP controllers, requiring a long debugging time.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 An object of the present invention is to obtain a multiprocessor system that is capable of efficiently debugging a plurality of processors, while allowing cost reduction.

 According to a first aspect of the present invention, a multiprocessor system includes a plurality of processors, at least one debug executing unit, at least one controller, a set of terminals, and a selecting circuit. The debug executing unit executes the
10 debugging of the plurality of processors. The controller controls the debug executing unit. The set of terminals are to be connected to an external debugging device. The selecting circuit selects part or all of the plurality of processors to be debugged.

 Desired one or ones of the processors can be debugged using only a single debugging device, which allows a cost reduction.

15 According to a second aspect of the invention, a multiprocessor system includes first and second processors, first and second debug executing units, first and second controllers, first and second sets of terminals, and a selecting circuit. The first debug executing unit is connected to the first processor and the second debug executing unit is connected to the second processor. The first controller is connected to the first debug
20 executing unit and the second controller is connected to the second debug executing unit. The first set of terminals are selectively connected to the first controller and the second set of terminals are selectively connected to the second controller. The selecting circuit is connected between the first set of terminals and the first and second controllers. In a first mode in which debugging devices are connected respectively to the first and second
25 sets of terminals, the selecting circuit connects the first controller and the first set of

terminals, and connects the second controller and the second set of terminals. In a second mode in which the debugging device is connected only to the first set of terminals, the selecting circuit inputs, to one or both of the first and second controllers, a debugging signal provided from the debugging device through the first set of terminals.

5 The first mode and the second mode can be switched over in accordance with the number of debugging device(s) that can be prepared, so that the first and second processors can be debugged suitably.

 These and other objects, features, aspects and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description of the present invention when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a first preferred embodiment of the invention;

15 Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a second preferred embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a third preferred embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 4 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a fourth preferred embodiment of the invention;

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Fig. 5 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a fifth preferred embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 6 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a sixth preferred embodiment of the invention; and

25 Fig. 7 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system

according to a seventh preferred embodiment of the invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Preferred Embodiments of the present invention are now specifically described
5 with, for the sake of simplicity, an example multiprocessor system having two CPUs.
Note that the number of CPUs is not limited to two and the present invention can be
applied also to multiprocessors having three or more CPUs.

First Preferred Embodiment

10 Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system
according to a first preferred embodiment of the invention. A chip 1 has a plurality of
CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 , debug executing units 8_0 and 8_1 for executing the debugging of the CPUs
 7_0 and 7_1 , TAP controllers 9_0 and 9_1 for controlling the debug executing units 8_0 and 8_1 , a
selecting circuit 10 for selecting, from the CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 , at least one CPU to be
15 debugged, and a single set of terminals, including terminals 2 to 6. The CPUs 7_0 and 7_1
are connected respectively to the debug executing units 8_0 and 8_1 , and the debug
executing units 8_0 and 8_1 are connected respectively to the TAP controllers 9_0 and 9_1 .
The selecting circuit 10 is connected between the TAP controllers 9_0 , 9_1 and the terminals
2 to 6. The terminals 2 to 6 are connected to a debugging device (not shown), such as an
20 ICE that conforms to JTAG standards.

The selecting circuit 10 includes a TAP controller 100, a register 101, AND
circuits 102 to 105, and selectors 106 and 107. The AND circuit 102 has its first input
terminal connected to the terminal 4, its second input terminal connected to the register
101, and its output terminal connected to the TMS terminal of the TAP controller 9_0 .
25 The AND circuit 103 has its first input terminal connected to the terminal 5, its second

input terminal connected to the register 101, and its output terminal connected to the TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9₀. The AND circuit 104 has its first input terminal connected to the terminal 4, its second input terminal connected to the register 101, and its output terminal connected to the TMS terminal of the TAP controller 9₁. The AND circuit 105 has its first input terminal connected to the terminal 5, its second input terminal connected to the register 101, and its output terminal connected to the TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9₁. The selector 106 has its first input terminal connected to the TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9₀, its second input terminal connected to the TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9₁, and its output terminal connected to the terminal 6 through the selector 107.

Next, operation of the multiprocessor system of the first preferred embodiment is described. First, in order to select a CPU or CPUs to be debugged, the TAP controller 100 is accessed from the debugging device or CPU(s) 7₀, 7₁. When debugging only the CPU 7₀, the TAP controller 100 sets the register 101 so that a signal S11 is "H (High)," a signal S12 is "L (Low)," and a signal S10 is "L." When debugging only the CPU 7₁, the TAP controller 100 sets the register 101 so that the signal S11 is "L," the signal S12 is "H," and the signal S10 is "H." When debugging both CPUs 7₀, 7₁, the TAP controller 100 sets the register 101 so that the signals S11 and S12 are both "H." In this case, the register 101 is set so that the signal S10 sequentially attains "L" and "H."

The signal S11 is inputted to the second input terminals of the AND circuits 102 and 103. The signal S12 is inputted to the second input terminals of the AND circuits 104 and 105. The signal S10 is inputted to the select terminal of the selector 106.

A TMS signal from the debugging device is given through the terminal 4 to the first input terminals of the AND circuits 102 and 104, and a TDI signal from the

debugging device is given through the terminal 5 to the first input terminals of the AND circuits 103 and 105. Also, a TCK signal from the debugging device is given through the terminal 2 to the TCK terminals of the TAP controllers 9_0 and 9_1 , and a TRST signal from the debugging device is given through the terminal 3 to the TRST terminals of the

5 TAP controllers 9_0 and 9_1 .

As stated earlier, when only the CPU 7_0 is to be debugged, the signal S11 is “H” and the signal S12 is “L.” Therefore the TMS signal and the TDI signal are inputted respectively to the TMS terminal and TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9_0 from the output terminals of the AND circuits 102 and 103, respectively. The TMS signal

10 and the TDI signal are not provided to the TMS terminal and the TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9_1 .

The TAP controller 9_0 then generates a given command to the debug executing unit 8_0 . The debug executing unit 8_0 provides a break request, start request, and instruction code to the CPU 7_0 , so as to debug the CPU 7_0 . Data about the results of

15 debugging is sent from the CPU 7_0 to the TAP controller 9_0 through the debug executing unit 8_0 . As stated earlier, the signal S10 is “L” when only the CPU 7_0 is debugged. The selector 107 is normally set to the selector 106. The data is therefore externally outputted from the TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9_0 , through the selectors 106, 107 and the terminal 6.

20 On the other hand, when only the CPU 7_1 is to be debugged, the signal S11 is “L” and the signal S12 is “H.” Therefore the TMS signal and the TDI signal are inputted respectively to the TMS terminal and TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9_1 from the output terminals of the AND circuits 104 and 105. The TMS signal and the TDI signal are not provided to the TMS terminal and the TDI terminal of the TAP controller

25 9_0 .

The TAP controller 9₁ then generates a given command to the debug executing unit 8₁. The debug executing unit 8₁ provides a break request, start request, and instruction code to the CPU 7₁, so as to debug the CPU 7₁. Data about the results of debugging is sent from the CPU 7₁ to the TAP controller 9₁ through the debug executing unit 8₁. As stated earlier, the signal S10 is “H” when only the CPU 7₁ is debugged. The selector 107 is normally set to the selector 106. The data is therefore externally outputted from the TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9₁, through the selectors 106, 107 and the terminal 6.

When both the CPUs 7₀, 7₁ are to be debugged, the signals S11 and S12 are both “H” as stated earlier. Thus the TMS signal is inputted to the TMS terminals of the TAP controllers 9₀ and 9₁ respectively from the output terminals of the AND circuits 102 and 104. Also, the TDI signal is inputted to the TDI terminals of the TAP controllers 9₀ and 9₁ respectively from the output terminals of the AND circuits 103 and 105. As a result, the CPUs 7₀ and 7₁ are debugged in the manner shown above.

As stated earlier, the signal S10 sequentially goes “L” and “H” when debugging both CPUs 7₀, 7₁. Therefore the terminal 6 outputs data about the results of debugging of the CPU 7₀ and data about the results of debugging of the CPU 7₁ in this order.

In this way, the multiprocessor system of the first preferred embodiment includes just a single set of terminals including the terminals 2 to 6, and the selecting circuit 10 selects at least one CPU to be debugged, from among the plurality of CPUs 7₀ and 7₁. Therefore providing an increased number of CPUs in the chip 1 does not require adding corresponding terminals 2 to 6. The plurality of CPUs 7₀ and 7₁ can thus be debugged using only a single debugging device, allowing a cost reduction.

When the selecting circuit 10 selects all CPUs 7₀ and 7₁, then all CPUs 7₀ and 7₁ are debugged simultaneously. Thus, in a multiprocessor system having a plurality of

CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 , the CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 can be debugged efficiently.

Moreover, the selecting circuit 10 is simply configured using the register 101, which minimizes the size and complexity of the system.

5 Second Preferred Embodiment

Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a second preferred embodiment of the invention. A chip 1 has CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 , debug executing units 8_0 and 8_1 , TAP controllers 9_0 and 9_1 , a selecting circuit 20 for selecting, from the CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 , at least one CPU to be debugged, terminals 2 to 6,
10 and terminals 21 to 23.

The selecting circuit 20 includes AND circuits 200 to 203 and a selector 204. The AND circuit 200 has its first input terminal connected to the terminal 4, its second input terminal connected to the terminal 21, and its output terminal connected to the TMS terminal of the TAP controller 9_0 . The AND circuit 201 has its first input terminal
15 connected to the terminal 5, its second input terminal connected to the terminal 21, and its output terminal connected to the TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9_0 . The AND circuit 202 has its first input terminal connected to the terminal 4, its second input terminal connected to the terminal 23, and its output terminal connected to the TMS terminal of the TAP controller 9_1 . The AND circuit 203 has its first input terminal
20 connected to the terminal 5, its second input terminal connected to the terminal 23, and its output terminal connected to the TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9_1 . The selector 204 has its first input terminal connected to the TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9_0 , its second input terminal connected to the TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9_1 , and its output terminal connected to the terminal 6.

25 Next, operation of the multiprocessor system of the second preferred

embodiment is described. First, in order to select a CPU or CPUs to be debugged, signals S21, S20, and S22 are inputted respectively to the terminals 21, 22, 23, from the outside of the chip 1. When only the CPU 7₀ is to be debugged, the signal S21 is “H,” the signal S22 is “L,” and the signal S20 is “L.” When only the CPU 7₁ is to be debugged, the signal S21 is “L,” the signal S22 is “H” and the signal S20 is “H.” When both CPUs 7₀, 7₁ are to be debugged, both of the signals S21 and S22 are “H.” In this case, the signal S20 sequentially attains “L” and “H.”

The signal S21 is inputted to the second input terminals of the AND circuits 200 and 201. The signal S22 is inputted to the second input terminals of the AND circuits 202 and 203. The signal S20 is inputted to the select terminal of the selector 204.

The TMS signal from the debugging device is inputted to the first input terminals of the AND circuits 200 and 202 through the terminal 4. The TDI signal from the debugging device is inputted to the first input terminals of the AND circuits 201 and 203 through the terminal 5.

When only the CPU 7₀ is debugged, the signal S21 is “H” and the signal S22 is “L” as stated above. Therefore the TMS signal and the TDI signal are inputted respectively to the TMS terminal and TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9₀ respectively from the output terminals of the AND circuits 200 and 201. The TMS signal and the TDI signal are not provided to the TMS and TDI terminals of the TAP controller 9₁. As a result, only the CPU 7₀ is debugged in the manner described in the first preferred embodiment. As stated earlier, the signal S20 is “L” when only the CPU 7₀ is debugged. Data about the results of debugging of the CPU 7₀ is therefore externally outputted through the TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9₀, the selector 204, and the terminal 6.

When only the CPU 7₁ is to be debugged, the signal S21 is “L” and the signal

S22 is “H” as stated above. Therefore the TMS signal and the TDI signal are inputted respectively to the TMS terminal and the TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9₁ respectively from the output terminals of the AND circuits 202 and 203. The TMS and TDI signals are not inputted to the TMS and TDI terminals of the TAP controller 9₀. As
 5 a result, only the CPU 7₁ is debugged in the manner described in the first preferred embodiment. As stated earlier, the signal S20 is “H” when only the CPU 7₁ is debugged. Data about the results of debugging of the CPU 7₁ is therefore externally outputted through the TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9₁, the selector 204, and the terminal 6.

When both the CPUs 7₀, 7₁ are to be debugged, the signals S21 and S22 are
 10 both “H” as stated above. Therefore the TMS signal is inputted to the TMS terminals of the TAP controllers 9₀ and 9₁ respectively from the output terminals of the AND circuits 200 and 202. The TDI signal is inputted to the TDI terminals of the TAP controllers 9₀ and 9₁ respectively from the output terminals of the AND circuits 201 and 203. As a result, the CPUs 7₀ and 7₁ are debugged. As indicated above, the signal S20
 15 sequentially goes “L,” “H” when debugging both CPUs 7₀, 7₁. Therefore the terminal 6 outputs data about the results of debugging of the CPU 7₀ and data about the results of debugging of the CPU 7₁ in this order.

In this way, the multiprocessor system of the second preferred embodiment includes just a single set of terminals, including the terminals 2 to 6, and the selecting
 20 circuit 20 selects at least one of the plurality of CPUs 7₀ and 7₁ to be debugged. Therefore providing an increased number of CPUs in the chip 1 does not require adding corresponding terminals 2 to 6. Thus the plurality of CPUs 7₀ and 7₁ can be debugged using only a single debugging device, which achieves a cost reduction.

When the selecting circuit 20 selects all CPUs 7₀ and 7₁, then all CPUs 7₀ and
 25 7₁ are debugged simultaneously. Thus, in a multiprocessor system having a plurality of

CPUs 7₀ and 7₁, the CPUs 7₀ and 7₁ can be debugged efficiently.

Moreover, the selecting circuit 20 is simply configured using the terminals 21 to 23, which minimizes the size and complexity of the system.

5 Third Preferred Embodiment

Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a third preferred embodiment of the invention. A chip 1 has a plurality of CPUs 7₀ and 7₁, debug executing units 8₀ and 8₁, a TAP controller 9 for controlling the debug executing units 8₀ and 8₁, a selecting circuit 30 for selecting, from the CPUs 7₀ and 7₁, at least one CPU to be debugged, and a single set of terminals including terminals 2 to 6. The CPUs 7₀ and 7₁ are connected respectively to the debug executing units 8₀ and 8₁ and the TAP controller 9 is connected to the terminals 2 to 6. The selecting circuit 30 is connected between the debug executing units 8₀, 8₁ and the TAP controller 9.

The selecting circuit 30 includes a register 300, AND circuits 301 and 302, and a selector 303. The AND circuit 301 has its first input terminal connected to the TAP controller 9, its second input terminal connected to the register 300, and its output terminal connected to the debug executing unit 8₀. The AND circuit 302 has its first input terminal connected to the TAP controller 9, its second input terminal connected to the register 300, and its output terminal connected to the debug executing unit 8₁. The selector 303 has its first input terminal connected to the debug executing unit 8₀, its second input terminal connected to the debug executing unit 8₁, and its output terminal connected to the TAP controller 9.

Next, operation of the multiprocessor system of the third preferred embodiment is described. First, in order to select a CPU or CPUs to be debugged, the register 300 is accessed by a debugging device or the CPU(s) 7₀, 7₁. When only the CPU 7₀ is to be

debugged, the register 300 is set so that the signal S31 is "H," the signal S32 is "L," and the signal S30 is "L." When only the CPU 7₁ is to be debugged, the register 300 is set so that the signal S31 is "L," the signal S32 is "H," and the signal S30 is "H." When both CPUs 7₀, 7₁ are to be debugged, the register 300 is set so that the signals S31 and S32 are both "H." In this case, the register 300 is set so that the signal S30 sequentially attains "L" and "H."

The signal S31 is inputted to the second input terminal of the AND circuit 301. The signal S32 is inputted to the second input terminal of the AND circuit 302. The signal S30 is inputted to the select terminal of the selector 300.

Next, the TCK signal, TRST signal, TMS signal, and TDI signal from the debugging device are inputted respectively to the TCK terminal, TRST terminal, TMS terminal, and TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9 respectively through the terminals 2 to 5. The TAP controller 9 then generates and outputs a given command.

When only the CPU 7₀ is to be debugged, the signal S31 is "H" and the signal S32 is "L" as stated above. Therefore the command from the TAP controller 9 is outputted from the output terminal of the AND circuit 301 into the debug executing unit 8₀. The command is not inputted to the debug executing unit 8₁.

The debug executing unit 8₀ gives a break request, start request, and instruction code to the CPU 7₀, so as to debug the CPU 7₀. Data about the results of the debugging is inputted from the CPU 7₀ to the debug executing unit 8₀. As stated earlier, the signal S30 is "L" when only the CPU 7₀ is debugged. The data is therefore externally outputted through the debug executing unit 8₀, selector 303, TAP controller 9, and terminal 6.

When only the CPU 7₁ is to be debugged, the signal S31 is "L" and the signal S32 is "H" as stated above. Therefore the command from the TAP controller 9 is

outputted from the output terminal of the AND circuit 302 into the debug executing unit 8₁. The command is not inputted to the debug executing unit 8₀.

The debug executing unit 8₁ gives a break request, start request, and instruction code to the CPU 7₁, so as to debug the CPU 7₁. Data about the results of the debugging is inputted from the CPU 7₁ to the debug executing unit 8₁. As stated earlier, the signal S30 is "H" when only the CPU 7₁ is debugged. The data is therefore externally outputted through the debug executing unit 8₁, selector 303, TAP controller 9, and terminal 6.

When both the CPUs 7₀, 7₁ are to be debugged, the signals S31 and S32 are both "H" as stated above. Therefore the command from the TAP controller 9 is outputted from the output terminals of the AND circuits 301 and 302 into the debug executing units 8₀ and 8₁, respectively. As a result, the CPUs 7₀ and 7₁ are debugged in the manner described earlier. As indicated before, the signal S30 sequentially goes "L" and "H" when debugging both CPUs 7₀, 7₁. Therefore the terminal 6 outputs data about the results of debugging of the CPU 7₀ and data about the results of debugging of the CPU 7₁ in this order.

In the system shown above, the selecting circuit 30 selects debugged CPU 7₀, 7₁, on the basis of the settings of the register 300. However, the selection may be made as shown in the second preferred embodiment on the basis of select signals inputted to given terminals 21 to 23 from outside.

In this way, in the multiprocessor system of the third preferred embodiment, the selecting circuit 30 is connected between the debug executing units 8₀, 8₁ and the TAP controller 9. Accordingly there is no need to separately provide TAP controllers 9₀ and 9₁ in correspondence with the CPUs 7₀ and 7₁, so that the system configuration can be simplified as compared with those shown in the first and second preferred embodiments.

Fourth Preferred Embodiment

Fig. 4 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a fourth preferred embodiment of the invention. A chip 1 has a plurality of CPUs 7₀ and 7₁, a debug executing unit 8, a TAP controller 9 for controlling the debug executing unit 8, a selecting circuit 40 for selecting, from the CPUs 7₀ and 7₁, at least one CPU to be debugged, and a single set of terminals including terminals 2 to 6. The TAP controller 9 is connected to the terminals 2 to 6 and the debug executing unit 8 is connected to the TAP controller 9. The selecting circuit 40 is connected between the CPUs 7₀, 7₁ and the debug executing unit 8.

The selecting circuit 40 includes a register 400, AND circuits 402 and 403, and a selector 401. The AND circuit 402 has its first input terminal connected to the debug executing unit 8, its second input terminal connected to the register 400, and its output terminal connected to the CPU 7₀. The AND circuit 403 has its first input terminal connected to the debug executing unit 8, its second input terminal connected to the register 400, and its output terminal connected to the CPU 7₁. The selector 401 has its first input terminal connected to the CPU 7₀, its second input terminal connected to the CPU 7₁, and its output terminal connected to the debug executing unit 8.

Next, operation of the multiprocessor system of the fourth preferred embodiment is described. First, in order to select a CPU or CPUs to be debugged, the register 400 is accessed by a debugging device or the CPU(s) 7₀, 7₁. When only the CPU 7₀ is to be debugged, the register 400 is set so that the signal S41 is "H," the signal S42 is "L," and the signal S40 is "L." When only the CPU 7₁ is to be debugged, the register 400 is set so that the signal S41 is "L," the signal S42 is "H" and the signal S40 is "H." When both CPUs 7₀, 7₁ are to be debugged, the register 400 is set so that both of

the signals S41 and S42 are “H.” In this case, the register 400 is set so that the signal S40 sequentially attains “L” and “H.”

The signal S41 is inputted to the second input terminal of the AND circuit 402. The signal S42 is inputted to the second input terminal of the AND circuit 403. The
 5 signal S40 is inputted to the select terminal of the selector 400.

Next, the TCK signal, TRST signal, TMS signal, and TDI signal from the debugging device are inputted respectively to the TCK terminal, TRST terminal, TMS terminal, and TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9 respectively through the terminals 2 to 5. The TAP controller 9 then generates and outputs a given command. The command
 10 from the TAP controller 9 is inputted to the debug executing unit 8. The debug executing unit 8 generates and outputs a break request, start request, and instruction code.

When only the CPU 7₀ is debugged, the signal S41 is “H” and the signal S42 is “L” as stated above. Therefore the instruction code and the like from the debug executing unit 8 are outputted from the output terminal of the AND circuit 402 and
 15 inputted into the CPU 7₀, and thus the CPU 7₀ is debugged. The instruction code etc. are not inputted to the CPU 7₁. As stated earlier, the signal S40 is “L” when only the CPU 7₀ is debugged. Therefore data about the results of debugging of CPU 7₀ is externally outputted from the CPU 7₀ through the selector 401, debug executing unit 8, TAP controller 9, and terminal 6.

20 When only the CPU 7₁ is debugged, the signal S41 is “L” and the signal S42 is “H” as stated earlier. Therefore the instruction code and the like from the debug executing unit 8 are outputted from the output terminal of the AND circuit 403 and inputted into the CPU 7₁, and thus the CPU 7₁ is debugged. The instruction code etc. are not inputted to the CPU 7₀. As stated earlier, the signal S40 is “H” when only the
 25 CPU 7₁ is debugged. Therefore data about the results of the debugging of the CPU 7₁ is

externally outputted from the CPU 7_1 through the selector 401, debug executing unit 8, TAP controller 9, and terminal 6.

When both the CPU 7_0 and 7_1 are debugged, the signals S41 and S42 are both “H.” Therefore the instruction code and the like from the debug executing unit 8 are
 5 outputted from the output terminals of the AND circuits 402 and 403 and inputted into the CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 , and thus the CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 are debugged in the manner described above. As stated earlier, the signal S40 sequentially goes “L” and “H” when the CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 are both debugged. Therefore the terminal 6 outputs data about the results of debugging of the CPU 7_0 and data about the results of debugging of the CPU 7_1 in this
 10 order.

In the system described above, the selecting circuit 40 selects debugged CPU(s) 7_0 , 7_1 on the basis of the settings of the register 400. However, the selection may be made as shown in the second preferred embodiment on the basis of select signals inputted to given terminals 21 to 23 from outside.

15 In this way, in the multiprocessor system of the fourth preferred embodiment, the selecting circuit 40 is connected between the CPUs 7_0 , 7_1 and the debug executing unit 8. Accordingly there is no need to separately provide debug executing units 8_0 and 8_1 and TAP controllers 9_0 and 9_1 in correspondence with the CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 , so that the system configuration can be simplified as compared with those shown in the first and
 20 second preferred embodiments.

Fifth Preferred Embodiment

Fig. 5 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a fifth preferred embodiment of the invention. A chip 1 includes a plurality
 25 of CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 , debug executing units 8_0 and 8_1 for executing the debugging of the

CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 , TAP controllers 9_0 and 9_1 for controlling the debug executing units 8_0 , 8_1 , a first set of terminals including terminals 2_0 to 6_0 , and a second set of terminals including terminals 2_1 to 6_1 .

The multiprocessor system of the fifth preferred embodiment can switch
 5 between a first mode and a second mode; in the first mode, first and second debugging devices are connected respectively to the first and second sets of terminals, and in the second mode, the first debugging device is connected only to the first set of terminals. The first mode and the second mode are switched using a terminal 56 and switches 51_0 to 54_0 , 51_1 to 54_1 , and 55.

10 The multiprocessor system of the fifth preferred embodiment further includes a selecting circuit 50 for, in the second mode, selectively supplying one or both of the TAP controllers 9_0 , 9_1 with the debugging signals that are sent from the first debugging device through the first set of terminals. The selecting circuit 50 can be constructed similarly to the selecting circuits 10 and 20 of the first and second preferred embodiments.

15 The CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 are connected respectively to the debug executing units 8_0 and 8_1 and the debug executing units 8_0 and 8_1 are connected respectively to the TAP controllers 9_0 and 9_1 . The TCK terminal, TRST terminal, TMS terminal, and TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9_0 are connected, respectively through the switches 51_0 to 54_0 , to the terminals 2_0 to 5_0 and to the TCK0 terminal, TRST0 terminal, TMS0 terminal,
 20 and TDI0 terminal of the selecting circuit 50. The TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9_0 is connected to the TDO0 terminal of the selecting circuit 50, and also to the terminal 6_0 through the switch 55. Similarly, the TCK terminal, TRST terminal, TMS terminal, and the TDI terminal of the TAP controller 9_1 are connected, respectively through the switches 51_1 to 54_1 , to the terminals 2_1 to 5_1 and to the TCK1 terminal, TRST1 terminal,
 25 TMS1 terminal, and TDI1 terminal of the selecting circuit 50. The TDO terminal of the

TAP controller 9_1 is connected to the TDO1 terminal of the selecting circuit 50 and also to the terminal 6_1 .

The selecting circuit 50 has a TDOP terminal connected to the terminal 6_0 through the switch 55. The TCKP terminal, TRSTP terminal, TMSP terminal, and
 5 TDIP terminal of the selecting circuit 50 are connected to the terminals 2_0 to 5_0 , respectively.

The switches 51_0 to 54_0 , 51_1 to 54_1 , and 55 are switched (i.e. the first mode and the second mode are switched) on the basis of an external signal S56 applied to the terminal 56.

10 Next, operation of the multiprocessor system of the fifth preferred embodiment is described. The operation in the first mode is described first. In the first mode, the switches 51_0 to 54_0 are connected respectively to the terminals 2_0 to 5_0 , the switches 51_1 to 54_1 are connected respectively to the terminals 2_1 to 5_1 , and the switch 55 is connected to the TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9_0 . Thus the TAP controller 9_0 is directly
 15 connected to the terminals 2_0 to 6_0 and the TAP controller 9_1 is directly connected to the terminals 2_1 to 6_1 . Then the CPU 7_0 is debugged by the first debugging device connected to the terminals 2_0 to 6_0 , and the CPU 7_1 is debugged by the second debugging device connected to the terminals 2_1 to 6_1 .

Next, the operation in the second mode is described. In the second mode, the
 20 switches 51_0 to 54_0 , 51_1 to 54_1 , and 55 are connected to the selecting circuit 50 as shown in Fig. 5. Thus the TAP controllers 9_0 and 9_1 are connected to the terminals 2_0 to 6_0 through the selecting circuit 50. Then, as shown in the first and second preferred embodiments, the selecting circuit 50 selects at least one of the CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 to be debugged. Then debugging process is performed by the first debugging device
 25 connected to the terminals 2_0 to 6_0 .

As shown above, according to the multiprocessor system of the fifth preferred embodiment, when the same number of debugging devices as the CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 provided in the chip 1 can be prepared, the first mode can be selected to independently debug the CPUs 7_0 and 7_1 with the plurality of debugging devices. On the other hand, when only a single debugging device is prepared, the second mode can be selected to debug the CPU(s) $7_0, 7_1$ on the basis of a selection made by the selecting circuit 50.

Furthermore, the first and second modes can be switched over with a simple configuration using the terminal 56, which minimizes the size and complexity of the system.

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Sixth Preferred Embodiment

Fig. 6 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a sixth preferred embodiment of the invention. The fifth preferred embodiment has shown a system in which the first and second modes are switched on the basis of the signal S56 applied to the terminal 56 from outside. In contrast, the sixth preferred embodiment shows a system in which the first and second modes are switched on the basis of settings of a certain register 60 provided in the chip 1.

Referring to Fig. 6, the switches 51_0 to 54_0 , 51_1 to 54_1 , and 55 are switched on the basis of a signal S60 outputted from the register 60. Specifically, in the first mode, as in the fifth preferred embodiment, the switches 51_0 to 54_0 are connected respectively to the terminals 2_0 to 5_0 and the switches 51_1 to 54_1 are connected respectively to the terminals 2_1 to 5_1 , and the switch 55 is connected to the TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9_0 . On the other hand, in the second mode, the switches 51_0 to 54_0 , 51_1 to 54_1 , and 55 are connected to the selecting circuit 50. In other respects, the configuration and operation are the same as those shown in the fifth preferred embodiment and are not

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described here again.

Thus, according to the multiprocessor system of the sixth preferred embodiment, the first and second modes can be switched with a simple configuration using the register 60, which minimizes the size and complexity of the system.

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Seventh Preferred Embodiment

Fig. 7 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a multiprocessor system according to a seventh preferred embodiment of the invention. In the fifth preferred embodiment, the first mode and the second mode are switched on the basis of the external
 10 signal S56 applied to the terminal 56. In contrast, the multiprocessor system of the seventh preferred embodiment further includes a clock detect circuit 70 for detecting whether the second debugging device is connected to the second set of terminals, where the first mode and the second mode are switched on the basis of a signal S70 indicating the result detected by the clock detect circuit 70.

15 Referring to Fig. 7, the clock detect circuit 70 is connected to the terminal 2₁. When the second debugging device is connected to the second set of terminals, a clock is inputted to the clock detect circuit 70 from the second debugging device through the terminal 2₁. When the clock detect circuit 70 detects the clock input, then it connects the switches 51₀ to 54₀ respectively to the terminals 2₀ to 5₀, the switches 51₁ to 54₁
 20 respectively to the terminals 2₁ to 5₁, and the switch 55 to the TDO terminal of the TAP controller 9₀. On the other hand, when the second debugging device is not connected to the second set of terminals, the clock is not inputted to the clock detect circuit 70. When detecting the absence of clock input, the clock detect circuit 70 connects the switches 51₀ to 54₀, 51₁ to 54₁, and 55 to the selecting circuit 50. In other respects the configuration
 25 and operation are the same as those described in the fifth preferred embodiment and are

not described again here.

As shown above, according to the multiprocessor system of the seventh preferred embodiment, the first mode and the second mode are switched over with a simple configuration using the clock detect circuit 70, which minimizes the size the
5 complexity of the system.

While the invention has been described in detail, the foregoing description is in all aspects illustrative and not restrictive. It is understood that numerous other modifications and variations can be devised without departing from the scope of the invention.